

5 2 3 2 1 8 0	It is not known if niacin extended-release tablets are safe and effective in children 16 years of age and under.	Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the- counter medicines, vitamins, herbal	 If you need to stop taking niacin extended- release tablets, call your doctor before you start taking niacin extended-release tablets 	The most common side effects of niacin extended-release tablets include: - flushing
Dispense with Patient Information available at: https://www.sunpharma.com/usa/products	Who should not take niacin extended-release tablets?	supplements or other nutritional supplements containing niacin or nicotinamide. Niacin extended-release tablets and other medicines may affect each other causing side effects.	 again. Your doctor may need to lower your dose of niacin extended-release tablets. If you take too many niacin extended-release tablets, call your doctor right away. 	 diarrhea nausea vomiting increased cough
PATIENT INFORMATION	Do not take niacin extended-release tablets if you have:	Niacin extended-release tablets may affect the way other medicines work, and other	- Medicines used to lower your cholesterol called bile acid resins, such as colestipol and	- rash - itching
Niacin (nahy-uh-sin) Extended-Release Tablets, USP for oral use	 liver problems. a stomach ulcer. bleeding problems. 	medicines may affect how niacin extended- release tablets work.	cholestyramine, should not be taken at the same time of day as niacin extended-release tablets. You should take niacin extended-	Flushing is the most common side effect of niacin extended-release tablets. Flushing
Read this information carefully before you start	- an allergy to niacin or any of the ingredients in niacin extended-release tablets. See the end of this Patient Information leaflet for a	Especially tell your doctor if you take: - other medicines to lower cholesterol or triglycerides	 release tablets and the bile acid resin medicine at least 4 to 6 hours apart. Your doctor may do blood tests before you doct the second relation of the second relation to the second relation of the second relation to the second relation of the second relation to the second relation of the second relati	happens when tiny blood vessels near the surface of the skin (especially on the face, neck, chest and/or back) open wider.
taking niacin extended-release tablets and each time you get a refill. There may be new information. This information does not take the	complete list of ingredients in niacin extended-release tablets.	aspirinblood pressure medicinesblood thinner medicines	start taking niacin extended-release tablets and during your treatment. You should see your doctor regularly to check your	Symptoms of flushing may include any or all of the following: - warmth
place of talking with your doctor about your medical condition or your treatment.	What should I tell my doctor before taking niacin extended-release tablets?	 large amounts of alcohol Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of 	cholesterol and triglyceride levels and to check for side effects.	 redness itching tingling of the skin
What are niacin extended-release tablets? Niacin extended-release tablets are prescription medicines used with diet and	Before you take niacin extended-release tablets, tell your doctor about all your medical problems including, if you:	them to show your doctor and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.	What are the possible side effects of niacin extended-release tablets?	Flushing does not always happen. If it does, it is usually within 2 to 4 hours after taking a dose
exercise to increase the good cholesterol (HDL) and lower the bad cholesterol (LDL) and fats (triglycerides) in your blood.	 have diabetes. Tell your doctor if your blood sugar levels change after you take niacin extended-release tablets. 	How should I take niacin extended-release tablets? - Take niacin extended-release tablets exactly	Niacin extended-release tablets may cause serious side effects, including: - unexplained muscle pain, tenderness or	of niacin extended-release tablets. Flushing may last for a few hours. Flushing is more likely to happen when you first start taking niacin
 Niacin extended-release tablets are also used to lower the risk of heart attack in people who have had a heart attack and have high cholesterol. 	 have gout. have kidney problems. are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if niacin extended-release 	as your doctor tells you to take it. - Take niacin extended-release tablets whole. Do not break, crush or chew niacin extended-release tablets before swallowing.	weakness - severe liver problems. Signs of liver problems include: - increased tiredness	extended-release tablets or when your dose of niacin extended-release tablets is increased. Flushing may get better after several weeks.
 In people with coronary artery disease and high cholesterol, niacin extended-release tablets, when used with a bile acid-binding resin (another cholesterol medicine) can 	tablets will harm your unborn baby. Talk to your doctor if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant while taking niacin extended-release tablets.	 Take niacin extended-release tablets 1 time a day at bedtime after a low-fat snack. Niacin extended-release tablets should not be taken on an empty stomach. 	 dark colored urine (tea-colored) loss of appetite light colored stools nausea 	 If you wake up at night because of flushing, get up slowly, especially if you: feel dizzy or faint take blood pressure medicines
slow down or lessen the build-up of plaque (fatty deposits) in your arteries. - In people with heart problems and well-	 are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. Niacin can pass into your breast milk. You and your doctor should decide if you will take 	 All forms of niacin are not the same as niacin extended-release tablets. Do not switch between forms of niacin without first talking 	 right upper stomach (abdomen) pain yellowing of your skin or whites of your eye 	To lower your chance of flushing: - Ask your doctor if you can take aspirin to
controlled cholesterol, taking niacin extended-release tablets with another cholesterol-lowering medicine (simvastatin)	niacin extended-release tablets or breastfeed. You should not do both. Talk to your doctor about the best way to feed your	to your doctor as severe liver damage can occur. - Do not change your dose or stop taking	 itchy skin high blood sugar level (glucose) 	help lower the flushing side effect from niacin extended-release tablets. You can take aspirin (up to the recommended dose of
dose not reduce heart attacks or strokes more than taking simvastatin alone.	baby if you take niacin extended-release tablets.	niacin extended-release tablets unless your doctor tells you to.	Call your doctor right away if you have any of the side effects listed above.	325 mg) about 30 minutes before you take niacin extended-release tablets to help lower the flushing side effect.

- Do not drink hot beverages (including coffee), alcohol, or eat spicy foods around the time you take niacin extended-release tablets.
- Take niacin extended-release tablets with a low-fat snack to lessen upset stomach.

People with high cholesterol and heart disease are at risk for a heart attack. Symptoms of a heart attack may be different from a flushing reaction from niacin extended-release tablets. **The following may be symptoms of a heart attack due to heart disease and not a flushing reaction:**

- chest pain
- pain in other areas of your upper body such as one or both arms, back, neck, jaw or stomach
- shortness of breath
- sweating
- nausea
- lightheadedness

The chest pain you have with a heart attack may feel like uncomfortable pressure, squeezing, fullness or pain that lasts more than a few minutes, or that goes away and comes back. Heart attacks may be sudden and intense, but often start slowly, with mild pain or discomfort.

Call your doctor right away if you have any symptoms of a heart attack.

Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or does not go away.

These are not all the possible side effects of niacin extended-release tablets. For more information, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

How should I store niacin extended-release tablets? - Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);

excursions permitted between 15° and 30°C (59° and 86°F)

Keep niacin extended-release tablets and all medicines out of the reach of children.

General information about the safe and effective use of niacin extended-release tablets

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Patient Information leaflet. Do not use niacin extendedrelease tablets for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give niacin extendedrelease tablets to other people, even if they have the same symptoms that you have. It may harm them.

This Patient Information leaflet summarizes the most important information about niacin extended-release tablets. If you would like more information, talk with your doctor. You can ask your pharmacist or doctor for information about niacin extended-release tablets that is written for health professionals.

What are the ingredients in niacin extendedrelease tablets? Active ingredient:

niacin

Inactive Ingredients:

hypromellose, hydrogenated vegetable oil Type I, glyceryl behenate, colloidal silicon dioxide, magnesium stearate, polyvinyl alcohol-partially hydrolyzed, titanium dioxide, polyethylene glycol, talc, iron oxide red and iron oxide yellow. Distributed by: **Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.** Cranbury, NJ 08512



Manufactured by: SUN Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd. Survey No. 259/15, Dadra-396 191, (U.T. of D & NH), India.

For more information, call 1-800-818-4555

This Patient Information has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Revised: 05/2022 5232180