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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Foundation for Disease Elimination and Control of India

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Foundation for Disease Elimination and Control of India ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31 2022, the Statement of Income and Expenditure, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its deficit, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the IND AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the IND AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- This report does not include a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4
 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central
 Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, as the said
 Order is not applicable to the Company, being a Company licensed to operate under
 section 8 of the Act, as specified in paragraph 1(2)(iii) of the said Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Income and Expenditure, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is

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- disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1" to this report;
- (g) The provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on such audit procedures performed that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

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v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.

For S R B C & CO LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Amit Singh

Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJKYPD6783 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 23, 2022

Chartered Accountants

Annexure 1 to the Independent Auditor's Report Of Even Date On The Ind AS Financial Statements Of Foundation for Disease Elimination and Control of India

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Foundation for Disease Elimination and Control of India ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these IND AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these IND AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these IND AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the IND AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these IND AS financial statements.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these IND AS Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of IND AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of IND AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to IND AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to IND AS financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these IND AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For S R B C & CO LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Amit Singh Partner

Membership Number: 408869 UDIN: 22408869AJKYPD6783 Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 23, 2022

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

Amount in ₹

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
A. ASSETS			
(1) Non - current assets (a) Property, plant and equipment (b) Other intangible assets	3 4	4,10,565 3,48,978	10,26,256 6,16,531
(2) Current assets (a) Financial assets		7,59,543	16,42,787
(i) Cash and Cash equivalents	.5	68,074	18,24,777
(ii) Other financial assets	6	30,000	30,000
(b) Other current assets	7	24,632	76,721
AND THE STATE OF T		1,22,706	19,31,498
TOTAL ASSETS	×	8,82,249	35,74,286
B. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Equity (a) Equity share capital (b) Other equity	8 9	1,00,000 4,90,007	1,00,000 11,43,812
(2) Liabilities		5,90,007	12,43,812
(a) Current liabilities Financial liabilities (i) Trade payables (a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and	10		-
small enterprises (Refer note 18)			
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,43,655	22,85,899
(b) Other current liabilities	11	48,587	44,575
		2,92,242	23,30,474
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		8,82,249	35,74,286

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Foundation For Disease Elimination and Control of India

per AMIT SINGH Partner

Membership No : 408869 Mumbai, May 23, 2022

Dr. AZADAR KHAN

Director DIN: 01219312

Delhi, May 23, 2022

Dr. ALTAF LAL Director

DIN: 07721779

Atlanta, GA, USA, May 23, 2022

Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ended March 31, 2022

Amount in ₹

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
(I) Income			
Donations received	40	41,75,000	3,65,00,000
Other Income	12	35,093	
Total income (I)	1	42,10,093	3,65,00,000
(II) Expenditure			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3 & 4	8,15,852	10,37,341
Other expenses	13	40,48,046	3,70,34,718
Total expenditure (II)		48,63,898	3,80,72,059
(III) Surplus/(deficit) of income over expenditure for the year (I-II)	*	(6,53,805)	(15,72,059
Earnings per equity share (face value per equity share ₹10)	14	(65.38)	(157.21)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For SRBC&COLLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of

Foundation For Disease Elimination and Control of India

per AMIT SINGH

Partner

Membership No: 408869 Mumbai, May 23, 2022

Dr. AZADAR KHAN

Director DIN: 01219312

Delhi, May 23, 2022

Dr. ALTAF LAL

Director

DIN: 07721779

Atlanta, GA, USA, May 23, 2022

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

Amount in ₹

Particulars	Year ended Mar 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
A. Cash flow from operating activities		:2
Deficit of income over expenditure	(6,53,805)	(15,72,059)
Adjustments for :	AN EXPLANATION AND A SECTION AS A SEC	V-000000000000000000000000000000000000
Depreciation and amortisation expense	8,15,852	10,37,341
Loss on sale of fixed assets	995	
Operating gain / (loss) before working capital changes	1,63,042	(5,34,718)
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	-	-
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	-	-
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets	52,089	(69,857)
(Increase) / decrease in other non-current financial assets		(30,000)
(Increase) / decrease in other current financial assets	<u>~</u>	30,000
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(20,42,244)	17,86,515
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities	4,012	(63,290)
Increase / (decrease) in provisions	a NIL 0005102 2544	(,,
Cash generated from operation	(18,23,101)	11,18,650
Income taxes paid	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities (A)	(18,23,101)	11,18,650
B. Cash flow from investing activities		
Proceeds for sale of property, plant and equipment	66,397	
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	66,397	
C. Cash flow from financing activities	-	2
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities (C)	-	1 5
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(17,56,704)	11,18,650
Cash and bank balance at the beginning of the year	18,24,778	7,06,128
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	68,074	18,24,778
page in the restrict of the transport of the state of th		
A. Cash and cash equivalents comprises of		
Balances with banks in current account	67,060	17,76,104
Cash on hand	1,014	48,673
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 5)	68,074	18,24,777
Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement	68,074	18,24,777

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Foundation For Disease Elimination and Control of India

per AMIT SINGH Partner Mombarchia No : 408866

Membership No : 408869 Mumbai, May 23, 2022 Dr. AZADAR KHAN

Director DIN: 01219312 Delhi, May 23, 2022 Dr. ALTAF LAL Director

DIN: 07721779 Atlanta,GA,USA, May 23, 2022

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

Amount in ₹

Particulars	Equity share capital	Other equity Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2020	1,00,000	27,15,871	28,15,871
Deficit for the year	-	(15,72,059)	(15,72,059)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	*	
Total comprehensive income / (deficit) for the year	-	(15,72,059)	(15,72,059)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	1,00,000	11,43,812	12,43,812
Deficit for the year		(6,53,805)	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	<u> </u>	- 1	- 1
Total comprehensive income / (deficit) for the year	-	(6,53,805)	(6,53,805)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,00,000	4,90,006	5,90,006

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No : 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of

Foundation For Disease Elimination and Control of India

per AMIT SINGH Partner

Membership No : 408869 Mumbai, May 23, 2022

Dr. AZADAR KHAN

Director DIN: 01219312 Delhi, May 23, 2022 Dr. ALTAF LAL Director DIN: 07721779

Atlanta, GA, USA, May 23, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

NOTE 3: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Amount in ₹

	Office equipments	Vehicles	Leasehold improvement	Total
At cost	200000			
As at April 01, 2020	28,00,944	8,67,439	9,68,195	46,36,578
Addition during the year		5 5.50 U.S.		· ·
Disposals). -		-
As at March 31, 2021	28,00,944	8,67,439	9,68,195	46,36,578
Addition during the year		3 7 5	***	-
Disposals	8,97,782	-	1 - 1	8,97,782
As at March 31, 2022	19,03,162	8,67,439	9,68,195	37,38,796
Accumulated depreciation				
As at April 01, 2020	17,66,521	4,13,519	6,60,494	28,40,534
Depreciation expense	3,54,251	1,73,488	2,42,049	7,69,788
Disposals	2		_,	-
As at March 31, 2021	21,20,772	5,87,007	9,02,543	36,10,322
Depreciation expense	3,09,159	1,73,488	65,652	5,48,299
Disposals	8,30,390	-	-	8,30,390
As at March 31, 2022	15,99,541	7,60,495	9,68,195	33,28,231
Net book value				
As at March 31, 2021	6,80,172	2,80,432	65,652	10,26,256
As at March 31, 2022	3,03,620	1,06,944	-	4,10,565

NOTE 4: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Amount in ₹

	Software
At cost	- Continue
As at April 01, 2020	13,37,766
Addition during the year	10,01,100
Disposals	<u> </u>
As at March 31, 2021	13,37,766
Addition during the year	2
Disposals	<u>=</u>
As at March 31, 2022	13,37,766
Accumulated amortisation	
As at April 01, 2020	4,53,682
Amortisation expense	2,67,553
Disposals	
As at March 31, 2021	7,21,235
Amortisation expense	2,67,553
Disposal	-
As at March 31, 2022	9,88,788
Net book value	•
As at March 31, 2021	6,16,531
As at March 31, 2022	3,48,978

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

NOTE 1: Corporate Information

The Company was incorporated on September 21, 2016. It has been established by Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited as part of its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiative. The Company is a not-for-profit Company registered under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company is engaged in promoting and funding projects and / or programs, relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as required by Section 135 read with Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013. The main objective of the Company is to promote and work towards the task of elimination, management and effective control of communicable as well as non-communicable diseases and to combat public health problems in India and abroad by sustained intervention through dignosis,treatment and prevention for elimination of diseases such as malaria and to to implement and conduct projects and programmes.

The financial statement are authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 23, 2022.

NOTE 2: Significant accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for: (i) certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- · Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- · Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

a. Current vs. Non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- · Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- · Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- · Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- A liability is current when:
- · It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- . It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

b. Income and expenditure

Donations are recognised as income in the statement of income and expenditure in the year in which the collections are actually received. Expenses are accounted for as an accrual basis.

c. Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in the income statement generally on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date as indicated Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act,2013.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Office equipment: 3 to 5 years

Vehicles: 5 years

Leasehold improvements : Over unamortised lease period

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

d. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life as indicated in Part C of Schedule II of Companies act ,2013 are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of Income and expenditure unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of income and expenditure when the asset is derecognised.

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The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term lease (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term in the statement of income and expenditure.

f. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets Contingent liability is disclosed for,

- (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or
- (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

g. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

h. Cash and bank balance

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprises of cash at banks and on hand.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

NOTE 5: CASH AND BANK BALANCES

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	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Cash on hand	1,014	48,673
Balance with banks		
In current accounts	67,060	17,76,104
	68,074	18,24,777

NOTE 6: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Amount in ₹

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Current		
Security deposit (unsecured, considered good)	30,000	30,000
	30,000	30,000

NOTE 7: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Amount in ₹

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Other assets(advances paid to suppliers) Prepaid expenses	20,768 3,864	70,387 6,334
	24,632	76,721

NOTE 8: EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	No. of shares	Amount in ₹	No. of shares	Amount in ₹
Authorised				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	3,50,000	35,00,000	3,50,000	35,00,000
A	3,50,000	35,00,000	3,50,000	35,00,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
10 14 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000

Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and and at the end of reporting period:

× ×		As at March 31, 2022		2021
	No. of shares	Amount in ₹	No. of shares	Amount in ₹
Opening balance	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
Add: Share issued	- ·	× ×	*. #	-
Closing balance	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000

Equity shares held by each share holder more than 5 percent equity shares in the Company are as follows:

	As at March 31,	2022	As at March 31,	2021
	No. of shares	% of holding	No. of shares	% of holding
Sun Pharmaceuticals Industries Ltd, holding			7	
Company	10,000	100	10,000	100

Rights, Preference and Restrictions attached to equity shares: The equity shares of the Company, having par value of ₹ 10 per share, rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights.

The Company has not issued any bonus shares, or shares for consideration other than cash or bought back any number of shares during all earlier years immediately preceding the reporting date.

NOTE 9: OTHER EQUITY

Amount in ₹

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Retained earnings	11,43,812	27,15,871
Add: Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(6,53,805)	(15,72,059)
Retained earnings	4,90,007	11,43,812

NOTE 10: TRADE PAYABLES

Amount in ₹

	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at March 31, 2022
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note 18)		-	-		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,25,341	9,492	3,179	5,643	2,43,655 2,43,655

Amount in ₹

	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	As at March 31, 2021
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer note 18)		w	-		- = <u>~</u>
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	22,64,273	igo (16,883	4,743	22,85,899 22,85,899

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 NOTE 11: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

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	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Statutory remittances	48,587	44,575
	48,587	44,575

NOTE 12 : OTHER INCOME		Amount in ₹
	Year ended Mar 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Miscellaneous income	35,093	i i
	35,093	

NOTE 13 : OTHER EXPENSES

			Amount in ₹
		Year ended Mar 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Power		5,370	61,106
Rent		-	2,51,250
Repairs and maintenance		9,800	1,44,410
Rates and taxes		36,000	3,600
Insurance		7,634	9,668
Printing and stationery		15,227	2,05,653
Travelling and conveyance	*	3,94,572	6,88,716
Communication		20,356	46,364
Contract labour charges		79,397	2,90,53,347
Legal and professional charges		32,01,936	43,74,049
Training and meeting expenses		1,03,734	4,85,719
Director's sitting fees		1,00,000	1,00,000
Loss on sale of fixed assets	ν	995	25 VI 5 8 0
Payment to auditors			
for statutory audit		70,800	70,800
Miscellaneous expenses		2,224	15,40,038
**		40,48,046	3,70,34,718

NOTE 14 : FARNIGS PER FOURTY SHARE

	Year ended Mar 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Deficit for the year (in ₹) Weighted average numbers of shares used in computing basic and diluted loss per equity	(6,53,805)	(15,72,059)
shares	10,000	10,000
Basic and Diluted deficit per equity share (in ₹)	(65.38)	(157.21)

Note 15 :Leases

The Company has taken on lease properties under operating lease arrangements, lease term for one year. Operating lease rent expenses were amounting to ₹ NIL for the year ended March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021 : ₹ 2,51,250/-).

Note 16 :Segment reporting

The Company is a not-for-profit Company and for Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in India, which in the context of Ind AS 108 Operating Segments is considered as the only reportable segment. The Company does not have any geographical segments .

Note 17: Income taxes

The Company is registered under section 12AA of the Income tax Act, 1961 which entitles it to claim an exemption from income tax, provided certain condition laid down in the Income tax Act, 1961 are compiled with. Provision for income tax would be made only in the year in which the Company is unable to establish reasonable certainty of its ability to fulfil these conditions. The Company has also obtained a certificate under Section 80G of the Income tax Act , 1961.

Note 18: Disclosures under the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises development act, 2016

The information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises is determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied by the auditors. The Company has not received any memorandum (as required to be filed by the suppliers with notified authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006) from vendor claiming the status as micro or small enterprise, Hence no disclosures has been made.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 Note 19 : Categories of financial instruments

Amount in ₹

		As at March 31, 2022			
	Fair value through surplus and deficit	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost		
Financial assets	-				
Cash and bank balances	-	1 - 1	68,074		
Other financial assets	-		30,000		
	80		98,074		
Financial liabilities		1 1			
Trade payables	-	1 - 1	2,43,655		
CONTRACT Transferences	-	1 - 1	2,43,655		

Amount in ₹

		As at March 31, 2021			
	Fair value through surplus and deficit	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost		
Financial assets					
Cash and bank balances	-	- 1	18,24,777		
Other financial assets	* ·	- 1	30,000		
	*.	- 1	18,54,777		
Financial liabilities	-	I I.			
Trade payables			22,85,899		
			22,85,899		

Note 20: Financial risk management

The Company is dependant on donation for its operational activities. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation. The Company's financial liabilities as mentioned in note 10 are payable in the next year.

Market risk

The Company does not have any market risk such as foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

Note 21 : Going concern

The Company has entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) dated 15/11/2016 with the State Government of Madhya Pradesh ("Government") and the Indian Council of Medical Research ("ICMR"), Department of Health Research ("DHR"), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare ("MOHFW"), New Delhi to undertake the Mandla Malaria Elimination Project ("The Project"), with a goal to eliminate malaria and to prevent re-introduction of malaria. Considering the nearing completion of the Project, the Company is now in the process of identifying a new project and based on continued operational and financial support from from its holding company Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited, the Company's management is confident that it will be in a position to honour its obligations as and when they fall due for its repayment and will be able to continue as a Going concern in near future.

Note 22: Related party disclousres (Ind AS 24) as per annexure "A"

Note 23: Ratio

Particular	Remarks	Variation	Year ended	Year ended
			March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(a) Current ratio = (current assets) / (current liabilities)	Reduction in Bank balance on account of payment to vendors	-49.34%	0.42	0.83
(b) Debt equity ratio = (long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings and lease liabilities) / Total equity			:*:	.£
(c) Debt service coverage ratio = {profit/(loss) after tax but before finance costs, depreciation and amortisation and exceptional items} / (finance costs + short-term borrowings + short term Lease liabilities)			*	;•/
(d) Return on equity ratio (%) = net profit/(loss) after tax / equity share capital	Variance is on account of project nearing to completion	-58.41%	(6.54)	(15.72)
 (e) Inventory turnover ratio = (cost of materials consumed + purchase of stock-in-trade + changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress) / average inventory 				
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio in no. of days = (average trade receivables * no. of days) / revenue from contracts with customers			•	•
(g) Trade payable turnover ratio in no. of days = (average trade payable * no. of days) / purchases during the year			•	
(h) Net capital turnover ratio = revenue from contracts with customers / (current assets - current liabilities)	-		•	•
(i) Net profit ratio (%) = net profit/(loss) after tax / total revenue from operations			•	•
(j) Return on capital employed (%) = net profit / (loss) after tax / (total assets - total liabilities - intangible assets - intangible assets under development - goodwill + long-term borrowings + short-term borrowings + lease liabilities)				•
(k) Return on investments :			(≢:	

⁽k) Return on investments:

* The company is a non-profit company registered under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence these ratios are not computed

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Note 24: There are no transaction or outstanding balances with struck off Companies.

Note 25: Other matters

- a. No proceeding have been initiated or pending against the Company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the Rules made thereunder.
- b. The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- c. The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- d .The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- e. The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013). either severally or iointly with any other person.

 f. The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax
- f. The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- g. The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crore in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets.
- h. The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- i: No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- j. No funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Note 26: Figures for previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever considered necessary.

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No : 324982E/E300003 For and on behalf of the Board of directors of Foundation For Disease Elimination and Control of India

per AMIT SINGH Partner Membership No : 408869 Mumbai, May 23, 2022 Dr. AZADAR KHAN Director DIN: 01219312 Delhi, May 23, 2022 Dr. ALTAF LAL Director DIN: 07721779 Atlanta,GA,USA, May 23,2022

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Annexure "A"

NOTE 21: Related party transactions as per Ind AS 24

Names of related parties that exercises control

Holding Company

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited

Fellow subsidiary Company with whom transactions have take place during the year.

Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited

Key Management Personnel (KMP):

Name of the Director	Designation	DIN
Azadar Husain Khan	Director	01219312
Altaf Ahmed Lal	Director	07721779
Shahabuddin Yaqoob Quraishi	Director	07443898
Nilima Arun Kshirsagar	Director	07721772
Aditya Prasad Dash	Director	08002657
Yogendra kumar Gupta	Director	03432845

Amount in ₹

Particulars	March 31, 2022			March 31, 2021		
	Holding company	Fellow subsidiary company	КМР	Holding company	Fellow subsidiary company	КМР
Transactions during the year						
Donation received	9-3	41,75,000	-	-	3,65,00,000	2
Director's sitting fees	·	1=1	1,00,000	-		1,00,000
Balance outstanding payable at the end of the			aran sotto escos		ľ	
year	4		21	6.559		-

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