

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.
Financial Statements
FY 2018-2019
1 April 2018 - 31 March 2019

Report on Special Purpose Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statements of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V. (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2019 and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together hereinafter referred to as "Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements"). These Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared for the limited purpose of consolidation into the financial statements of the holding company, Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited, as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Special Purpose Ind A.S Financial Statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Act read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V. Page 2 of 3

Those Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Special Purpose Ind AS
   Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures
   responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
   provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting
   from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
   forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
  related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to
  continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
  required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
  statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions
  are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
  future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going
  concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V. Page 3 of 3

#### Other matters

This report on the Special Purpose Ind AS Financial Statements has been issued solely for the limited purpose of consolidation into the financial statements of the holding company, Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited and is intended solely for the information and use by the managements of the Company and the Holding Company. It should not be used for any other purpose or provided to other parties.

The Special Purpose Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2018, included in these Special Purpose Ind AS financial statements, have been audited by the predecessor auditor who had expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on April 24, 2018.

For SRBC & COLLP

ICAI Firm registration number: 324982E/E300003

Chartered Accountants

per Paul Alvares Partner

Membership No.: 105754

Place: Mumbai Deca: May 27, 2019

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2019

`in Euro

As at	As at
31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
176,551	206,470
241,065	
	347,107
87,812	87,812
505,428	641,389
4,344,653	8,293,822
12,434,659	8,954,718
891,216	1,143,694
31,560	34,573
278,131	149,232
17,980,219	18,576,039
18,485,647	19,217,428
18 000	40.000
18,000 26,419	18,000 (838,544
20,413	(050,544)
44,419	(820,544
-	
6,503,431	6,484,359
6,503,431	6,484,359
10,018,208	12,326,791
1,239,564	899,638
680,025	327,184
11,937,797	13,553,613
18,485,647	19,217,428
0	0
100	
	0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For SRBC & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.

per Paul Alvares

Partner

Membership No. 105754

Date:

Place: Pune, India

Prashant Savla

Director

Date

Place: Hoofddorp, The Netherlands

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

in Euro

	N	Year ended	Year ended
	Notes	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Income			
Revenue from operations	14	25,339,647	17,231,871
Other income	15	4,876,347	5,256,928
Total income		30,215,994	22,488,799
Expenses	- "		
Purchases of stock-in-trade	16	17,269,974	24 267 504
Changes in inventories	16	3,949,169	21,267,594
Employee benefits expense	17	5,179,992	(6,984,391
Finance costs	18	109,709	5,139,499
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1 & 2	195,939	77,977 64,159
Other expenses	19	2,581,248	2,150,521
Total expenses		29,286,031	21,715,359
The state of the s		1.	
Profit before tex	!	929,963	773,440
Current Tax	20	65,000	14 (a)
Profit for the year		864,963	773,440
		5	
Total comprehensive profit for the year		864,963	773,440
Earnings per equity share (face value per equity shares - ₹ 1)		8 20	
Basic and Diluted (in `)	21	4,805.35	4,296.89
			548

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For SRBC & CU LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.

per Paul Alvares

Partner

Membership No. 105754

Date:

Place: Pune, India

**Prashant Savla** 

Director

Date:

Place: Hoofddorp, The Netherlands

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2019

PARTICULARS	FOR TH	E YEAR 1.03.2019		HE YEAR 31.03.2018
FARTICULARS	Amount	And the second states of		t in EUR
A) Cash flow From Operating Activities				
A) Cash now From Operating Activities				
Net Profit Before Tax	929,963		773,440	**
Adjustments for	1, 30			
Interest Expenses	109,709	*	77,977	
Depreciation Depreciation	195,939		64,159	
	.00,000		0 1,100	9
Operating (Loss) / Profit before Working Capital change	1,235,611		915,576	
Changes in working capital		<b>%</b> ≨		
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:				
Decrease / (Increase) in Fixed Assets	(59,978)		(135,216)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Inventory	3,949,169		(6,984,391)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Trade Receivables	(3,479,941)		(5,530,848)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Loans and Advances	3,013	ts t	(21,819)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Assets	(128,899)		542,564	
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:	×			
(Decrease) / Increase - Trade & Other payables	(1,615,816)		9,016,902	
Income Tax accrued	(65,000)		-	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		(161,841)	N .X	(2,197,232
B) Cash Flow from Investing Activities		× 3°		
Other Non-Operating Income				
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		-		=
C) Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
Decrease / (Increase) in Loans and Advances				
Proceeds from issue of Equity Shares				
Interest Income				
Increase / (Decrease) in Long Term Borrowing-		8. 45		
Interest Expenses	(109,709)		(77,977)	
Increase / (Decrease) in Short Term Borrowings	19,072		3,281,404	
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	10,012	(90,637)	0,201,101	3,203,427
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Cash equivalents		(252,478)	p	1,006,195
Cash & Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the year		1,143,694	- 45 - 4	137,499
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	):	891,216		1,143,694
Tuest a Tuest Equivalente at the End of the Tour		331,210		1,140,004
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		891,216		1,143,694
		(0)		0

Note: Cash & Cash Equivalents Consist of the cash /cheque in hand & bank balance in current Account.

		0 50			
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the finan-	cial statements.	Ţ			
As per our report of even date For SRBC & CO LLP		For and on behalf of the Board of			
Chartered Accountants		Sun Pharmaceutical industries	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.		
ICAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003		÷			
		3 4 V			
	25				
per Paul Alvares		Prashant Savla			
Partner		Director			
Membership No. 105754		2	\$5 19		
Date:		Date:			
Place: Pune, India		Place: Hoofddorp, The Netherland	ds		

SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES OF EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

in Euro

		lotal
	Retained earnings (Surplus in profit and loss)	
Balance as at March 31, 2017	(1,611,984)	(1,611,984)
Loss for the year	773,440	773,440
Total comprehensive income for the year	773,440	773,440.0
	ar.	
Balance as at March 31, 2018	(838,544)	(838,544)
Loss for the year	864,963	864,963
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	2 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	1
Total comprehensive income for the year	864,963	864,963
·		
Balance as at March 31, 2019	26,419	26,419

82/E300003	The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.	e financial statements.	
s No. 324982/E300003	As per our report of even date	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of	
Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003	For SRBC & CO LLP	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.	
ICAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003	Chartered Accountants		
	CAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003		
			74

			· ·	
per Paul Alvares		Prashant Savla		
Partner		Director		
Membership No. 105754	3	manufacture and the second sec		
Date:	***	Date:		
Place: Pune, India		Place: Hoofddorp, The Netherlands		

# SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE: 1

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT				` in Euro
	Vehicles	Office equiptment	Furniture and fixtures	Total
At cost / deemed cost	105 900	07.447	40.400	224 444
As at March 31, 2017	195,892	87,417	48,102	331,411
Additions	49,468	18,048	-	67,516
Disposals	2		-	-
Transfers		_		=
As at March 31, 2018	245,360	105,465	48,102	398,927
Additions		33,978		33,978
Disposals		(10,129)	(9,744)	(19,873
Transfers	- 1	* :		
As at March 31, 2019	245,360	129,314	38,358	413,032
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		and the second s		
As at April 1, 2017	47,863	44,219	37,289	129,371
Depreciation expense	45,316	13,941	3,829	63,086
Disposals			*	-
As at March 31, 2018	93,179	58,160	41,118	192,457
Depreciation expense	44,882	16,748	2,267	63,897
Impairment loss			Will be made	
Disposais		(10,129)	(9,744)	(19,873)
As at March 31, 2019	138,061	64,779	33,641	236,481
Net Value				
As at March 31, 2017	148,029	43,198	10,813	202,040
As at March 31, 2018	152,181	47,305	6,984	206,470
As at March 31, 2019	107,299	64,535	4,717	176,551

NOTE: 2 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trademarks and Designs	Total
At cost / deemed cost		
As at April 1, 2017	280,479	280,479
Additions	67,700	67,700
Disposals		٠
As at March 31, 2018	348,179	348,179
Additions	40,000	40,000
Disposals	(14,000)	(14,000
As at March 31, 2019	374,179	374,17
Accumulated amortisation and impairment As at April 1, 2017		
Amortisation expense	1,072	1,07
Disposals		-
As at March 31, 2018	1,072	1,07
Amortisation expense	132,042	132,04
Disposals		€.
As at March 31, 2019	133,114	133,11
Net Value		5255 
As at March 31, 2017	280,479	280,47
As at March 31, 2018	347,107	347,10
As at March 31, 2019	241,065	241,06

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

N			3

THER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		₹ in Euro
	As at	As at
36.	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Advances other than capital advances		
Advance Income Tax	15,950	15,950
Deposit with Bank	71,862	71,862
	87,812	87,812
Deposit is a Bank Guarantee for the rent of our office space		

NOTE: 4

As at 31-Mar-19	As at
	31-Mar-18
4,344,653	8,293,822
4,344,653	8,293,822
4,344,653	8,293,822

NOTE:5

FRADE RECE!VABLES		₹ in Euro
	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Current Unsecured considered good	6,805,925	5,389,853
Unrecured considered good - from related parties	5,628,734	3,564,865
	12,434,659	8,954,718

NOTE: 6

2.2		-3 14 14	1000	The second second	As at 31-Mar-19	. ₹ in Eur As at 31-Mar-18
					31-Mat-13	31-Wai-10
Cash on hand	7855		8		286	309
Balances with banks In current accounts	s seas 150	8 8 .		,	890,930	1,143,38
		· ·	59 <b>.9</b> 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	891,216	1,143,694

NOTE:7

	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Insecured considered good unless stated otherwise Amortised cost		SF SF
Loans to employees	16,813	23,71
Loans to others	14,747	10,85
	31,560	34,57

NOTE: 8

OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		₹ in Euro
	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Unsecured considered good unless stated otherwise		200
Prepaid expenses	178,201	94,906
Advances for supply of goods and services	99,930	
Insurance claimed	g	54,326
	278.131	149 232

NOTE: 9 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

a .	As at 31-Mar⊷		As at 31-Mar-1	18
Mil January Chen 19	No. of shares	` in Euro	No. of shares	in Euro
Authorised				
Equity shares of € 100 each	90,000	90,000	90,000	90,000
Cumulative preference shares of € 100 each				
	90,000	90,000	90,000	90,000

180

180

a \Terms/	rights a	ttached	to equity	chares

Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Equity Shares of € 100 each

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of EUR 100 per share.

b) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Reconciliation of	of fully paid	d equity shares
	1.31	

Opening balance 1 April

Add: shares allotted during the year pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation

Add : shares allotted to employees on exercise of employee stock option (excluding shares held by ESOP trust)

Less: buy back of shares Closing balance 31 March

As at 31-Mar-19		
` in Euro	No. of shares	`in Euro
18,000	180.00	18,000
g 1.		
economic en E		
18,000	180	18,000
	' in Euro 18,000	`in Euro No. of shares  18,000 180.00

18,000

18,000

180

180

18,000

18,000

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% in the Company

Equity shares
Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.

olding
100

NOTE: 10

ON CURRENT BORROWINGS		As at .	₹ in Eur
On the state of th		31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Unsecured			4)
At amortised cost		6,503,431	6,484,359
* .	* *	6,503,431	6,484,359

## (i) Details of terms of repayment for the long-term borrowings :

Particulars	Terms of repayment		As at 31
		31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Unsecured Loan from related parties:			
Alkaloida Chemical Co. ZRT	5 years		6,484,359
Basics GmbH	5 years	6,503,431	N 0

NOTE: 11

RADE PAYABLES	As at 31-Mar-19	₹ in Euro As at 31-Mar-18
Trade payables to related parties Others	9,397,862 620,346	11,505,261 821,530
	10,018,208	12,326,79

NOTE: 12

HORT TERM PROVISIONS			₹ in Eur
		As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Provision for Employee Benefits		794,690	517,570
Provision for Trade Discount		444,874	382,068
φ	ž.	1,239,564	899,638

NOTE: 13

OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		₹ in Euro
" .	As at 31-Mar-19	As at 31-Mar-18
Statutory remittances Advance from customers	661,045 18,980	327,184
ast	680,025	327,184

NOTE : 14

REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	्राक्षा स्टब्स्य हो करनाम		in Euro
	5)	Year ended 31-Mar-19	Year ended 31-Mar-18
Sale of products (including excise duty)	6 965 	25,339,647	17,231,871
9	E.	25,339,647	17,231,871

## Disclosure on IND AS - 115 Revenue from Contrats with Customers

Particulars			2"	Year ended	Year ended
		*1		31-03-19	31-03-18
Timing of revenue recognition	*	200 200 8 200	The state of the s		2009111
Goods transferred at a point in time	67	- N W		25,339,647	17,231,871
Total revenue from contracts with customers	27			25,339,647	17,231,871

14.2 Contract balances:

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-19	Year ended 31-03-18
Trade receivables	12,434,659	8,954,718
Contract assets	, =	-1
Contract liabilities		= 1
Total revenue from contracts with customers	12,434,659	8,954,718

14.3 Right of return assets and refund liabilities:

Particulars	Year ended Year end
	31-03-19 31-03-1
Rebate	11,886,248 21,539,
Sales Return	387,405 310,
Total revenue from contracts with customers	12,273,653 21,850.

14.4 Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-19	Year ended 31-03-18
Revenue as per contracted price	28,225,413	19,656,685
Adjustments for:	2	
Trade Discount	(1,348,709)	(1,371,742
Sales return	(1,537,057)	(1,053,072
i otal revenue from contracts with customers	25,339,647	17,231,871

NOTE: 15

	Year ended	Year ended
	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
nterest income on :		
Others		
	-	
4.0	Q	
Other non-operating income (net of expenses directly attributable to such income)		
Gain on sale of financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss, net		
Sundry balances written back, net		
Miscellaneous income	4,876,347	5,256,928
		W Sa
	4,876,347	5,256,928

NOTE: 16

CHANGES IN INVENTORIES			in Euro
	2	Year ended 31-Mar-19	Year ended 31-Mar-18
Inventories at the beginning of the year Inventories at the end of the year	e e g	8,293,822 (4,344,653)	1,309,431 (8,293,822)
		3,949,169	(6,984,391)

NOTE: 17

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EX	PENSE			Year ended 31-Mar-19	Year ended 31-Mar-18
				01.111.15	01 Mar 10
Salaries and wages	***	reff et j		4.401,686	4,404,454
Contribution to provident a	nd other funds		¥	627,323	542,546
Staff welfare expenses				150,983	192,499
a 9	x = 1			5,179,992	5,139,499

NOTE: 18

ANCE COSTS		in Euro
	Year ended 31-Mar-19	Year ended 31-Mar-18
terest expense on borrowing and others	109,709	77,977
	109,709	77,977
	109,709	- 5

NOTE: 19 OTHER EXPENSES

THER EXPENSES		in Euro
2 2	Year ended 31-Mar-19	Year ended 31-Mar-18
Rent	249,717	227,223
Insurance	25,167	22,186
Selling and distribution	13,128	14,460
Repairs and Maintenance - Others	29,450	25,569
Commission and discount - Others	-	25,569
Printing and stationery	9,650	22,681
Travelling and conveyance	144,076	179,572
Overseas travel and export promotion	586,432	205,045
Communication	54,585	50,550
Professional, legal and consultancy	700,228	994,320
Net (gain) / loss on foreign currency transactions and translation	105,603	(1,846
Payments to auditors (net of input credit, where applicable)	[ "	
As auditors	22,500	2,500
For other services	8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9 31
Reimbursement of expenses		
Miscellaneous expenses	640,712	382,692
	2,581,248	2,150,521

NOTE: 20 TAX RECONCILIATION

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-19	Year ended 31-03-18
Reconciliation of current tax expense		
Profit before tax	929,963	773,440
Enacted income tax rate (%)	1) 20%-25%	20%-25%
Fiscal difference on liability Ranbaxy UK Ltd.	a a	104,384
Non deductable on expenses	17,607	17,618
Addition on disinvestement Deductable on investment	5;564	
Deductable on Investment	13,657	
Taxible profit	943,620	890,389
Deduction of carry forward unabsorbed losses	(614,449)	(890,389
Fiscal profit	329,171	(0
Current Tax expense	72,293	
Deductable Tax deduction at source	(15,950)	2.7
	56,343	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit and loss (including deferred tax)	65,000	-
20% tax over the first 200,000 and anything above 200,000 is charged at 25%	4	e

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

### Note 21 - Earning per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following table reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars		31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Numerator for basic and diluted EPS			
Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders (in Euros)	(A)	864,963	773,440
Denominator for basic EPS			
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	(B)	180	180
Denominator for diluted EPS			
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic EPS	(C)	180	180
Basic earnings per share of face value of EUR 100 each (in EUR)	(A/B)	4,805	4,297
Diluted earnings per share of face value of EUR 100 each (in EUR)	(A/C)	4,805	4,297

# SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

## Note 22 - Related Party Disclosures

## Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties	
I. Where control exists:	Yex	
Ultimate Holding Company	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited	
Holding Company	Alkaloida Chemical Co. ZRT	
II. Other Related parties with whom transactions during the period	4	
Fellow Subsidiaries & Associates	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.	
×	Sun Pharma Global FZE	
	Basics GmbH	
	Terapia S.A.	
	Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH	
	Sun Pharmaceuticals France	
*	Alkaloida Sweden AB	
	Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.	
	Basics GmbH	
	Laboratorios SL	
	Ranbaxy Italia SpA	
	Ranbaxy Pharmacie Generiques SAS	
	Ranbaxy (UK) Ltd	
	Ranbaxy GmbH	
	Terapia SA	
	Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Israel	
	Sun Pharma Laboratories Ltd. (formerly Sun	
	Resins & Polymers Pvt Limited)	
	Sun Pharmaceutical Medicare Ltd.	
	n	
III. Non executive directors		
Director	Hellen de Kloet	
Director	Prashant Savla	
Director	Sudhir Vrudavandas Valia	
Director	Harin Mehta	
Note: Related parties have been identified by the Management.		

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

## Note 23 - Financial Instruments by Category

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments as of 31 March 2019:

				(in Euros)
Amortised Cost	Financial assets/liabilitie s at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets/liabilitie s at fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total fair value
		1- <b>0</b> 		
	-			-
12,434,659	=	<b>=</b> 1	12,434,659	12,434,659
891,216	=	<b>.=</b> 8	891,216	891,216
31,560	=	3	31,560	31,560
13,357,435			13,357,435	13,357,435
6,503,431		(% <u>=</u> )	6,503,431	6,503,431
10,018,208	-	<b>2</b> 9	10,018,208	10,018,208
16,521,639	-		16,521,639	16,521,639
	12,434,659 891,216 31,560 13,357,435 6,503,431 10,018,208	Cost assets/liabilitie s at fair value through profit and loss	Cost assets/liabilitie s at fair value through profit and loss through OCI and loss	Cost assets/liabilitie s at fair value through profit and loss

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments as of 31 March 2018:

					(in Euros)
Particulars	Amortised Cost	Financial assets/liabilitie s at fair value through profit and loss	Financial assets/liabilitie s at fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets					
Other financial Assets		SEC.	-	-	3 <del>-</del> 2
Trade and other receivables	8,954,718	標	-	8,954,718	8,954,718
Cash and Cash Equivalent	891,216	- 100 - 100	v	891,216	891,216
Loans and Advances	34,573	и 🖭 "		. 34,573	34,573
Total	9,880,507	- 0 4 5	•	9,880,507	9,880,507
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	3,000,000			3,000,000	3,000,000
Trade and other payables	4,270,855			4,270,855	4,270,855
Total	7,270,855			7,270,855	7,270,855

## SUN PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES (EUROPE) B.V. NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

**NOTE: 24** 

### (A) ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

## 1. Basis of Accounting

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2017.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods, services, etc. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

#### 2. Financial Assets

#### i. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date.

#### ii. Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- · Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- · Debt instruments and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

#### iii. Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding

This category is the most relevant to the Group. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in Other Income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

## iv. Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The group has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit or loss

#### v. Equity instruments

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit or loss

#### 3. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

#### a. Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### b. Compound financial instruments

The component parts of compound financial instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

#### i. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### ii. Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Group as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or is designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term or on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. This category also includes derivative entered into by the group that are not designated and effective as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For non-held-for-trading-financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in profit or loss. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

## Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item

#### 4. Recognition of Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

#### a. Rendering Services

Revenue from services rendered is recognized in the profit or loss as the underlying services are performed. Upfront non-refundable payments received are deferred and recognized as revenue over the expected period over which the related services are expected to be performed.

#### b. Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### c. Profit from Investments

Profit from Non Current Investments are calculated on the basis of FIFO method. Profit from Current Investments are calculated on the basis of NAV.

#### 5. Risk Management

The Company's activities are not exposed to any material financials risks including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

6.	Accounting Standard (AS-20) on Earnings Per Sh	are	Year ended 31st March, 2019	Year ended 31st March, 2018
163	Profit for the year - used as Numerator for calculating Weighted Average number of Shares used in computed the State Online Computer of Shares used in computed the State Online State Onli		<b>864,963</b> 180	<b>773,440</b> 180
	Add: Dilution effect of Employee Stock Options	tion Diluted Englished Des Che	- 400	- 400
	Weighted Average number of Shares used in compu	ting Diluted Earnings Per Sna	re 180	180
	Nominal value per share (in Euro)		100	100
	Basic Earnings Per Share (in Euro)		4,805	4,297
	Diluted Earnings Per Share (in Euro)		4,805	4,297
	Diluted Larrings i el Silale (ili Luio)		1,000	4,201
7.	Related Party Transactions	<b>.</b>		2
	The state of the s	12 Tan A	Year ended	Year ended
			31st March, 2019	31st March, 2018
	Sales of Goods			,
	Alkaloida Sweden			33,425
	Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH	20 8	633,348	976,139
	Sun Pharmaceuticals France		30	48,082
	Ranbaxy Pharmacie Generiques SAS		989,198	930,434
	Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Israel		. 181,226	
			1,803,772	1,988,080
	Other Income (incl Management Fees)			
	Sun Pharma Global (FZE)		43,417	17,296
	Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH		306,520	
	Sun Pharmaceuticals France	30		44,262
	Alkaloida Sweden AB	** U	9 %	258,427
	Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.		4,397	3,045
	Basics GmbH	10	1,332,833	1,458,637
	Laboratorios SLU	34	696,171	780,844
	Ranbaxy Italia SpA		804,967	798,283
	Ranbaxy Pharmacie Generiques SAS	- 2 3	662,801	634,803
	Ranbaxy (UK) Ltd		998,408	874,319
	Ranbaxy GmbH		10.007	3,180
	Terapia SA		18,987	17,861
	Purchase of Goods		4,868,501	5,228,565
	Sun Pharma Global (FZE)		(83,448	10,126,067
	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd		16,938,864	8,744,681
4	Terapia SA		38,307	239,009
	Alkaloida Sweden AB		00,007	2,099,506
	Sun Pharmaceuticals France		e <sup>th</sup> <sub>sec</sub>	7 8.100
10	Tops in the second		16,893,723	21,217,363
; <u> </u>	Interest Expense	a - Secretary State of the many	Markey Stranger Commencer	21,211,000
	Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.		104,258	78,899
	Basics GmbH	- fo	3,431	
10	The state of the s	₩ 11.2	107,689	78,899
	Other Expenses (incl Management Fees)	* y = 2 J	E 2 2 3	i a
	Sun Pharmaceuticals France			377,162
	Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.		1,535,571	884,442
	Basics GmbH		216,321	121,913
	Terapia SA		1,800,208	1,416,285
	Ranbaxy UK Ltd		389,645	839,909
	Ranbaxy Poland Sp Zoo		2,681	
			3,944,426	3,639,711

	9,397,862	11,505,261
Ranbaxy Poland Sp Zoo		4,370
Ranbaxy (U.K.) Ltd.	28,989	22,559
Ranbaxy Italia S.p.A	650	
Basics GmbH	17,398	
Ranbaxy Laboratorios Ltd		14,602
Terapia SA	222,394	453,047
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Inc .		1,037
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd	6,990,159	4,543,693
Sun Pharma Global (FZE)	2,000,000	6,279,648
Alkaloida Sweden AB	NASTRALE BETTERMENT	19,336
	138,272	166,969
avahle	0,303,431	0,404,339
Dasios Official		6,484,359
	6 503 431	0,404,339
		6,484,359
alton	5,628,734	3,564,867
Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Israel	THE SAC MEDIAN OF	2 524 265
[ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [		267,599
The same of the sa		2,544
		199,082
September 19 Marie Control Con		120,426
		987,845
Signam Alguera and the Committee of the		22222
		234,121
		69,583
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	1,012,705	1 6
Ranbaxy Italia SpA		83,609
Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.	9,683	5,071
Sun Pharmaceuticals France		22,623
Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH	58,754	38,980
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd	2,331,706	1,533,384
eceivables		
	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH Sun Pharmaceuticals France Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt. Ranbaxy Italia SpA Sun Pharma Global (FZE) Ranbaxy Laboratorios Ltd Basics GmbH Laboratorios Ranbaxy S.L. Ranbaxy Pharmacie Generiques SAS Ranbaxy (U.K.) Ltd. Terapia S.A. Sun Pharma Laboratories Ltd. (formerly Sun Resins & Polymers Pvt Limited) Sun Pharmaceutical Medicare Ltd. Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Israel  aken Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt. Basics GmbH  syable Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt. Alkaloida Sweden AB Sun Pharma Global (FZE) Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Inc Terapia SA Ranbaxy Laboratorios Ltd Basics GmbH Ranbaxy Italia S.p.A Ranbaxy Italia S.p.A Ranbaxy (U.K.) Ltd.	Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd   2,331,706   Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH   58,754   Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH   58,754   Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GmbH   58,754   Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany Zrt.   9,683   Ranbaxy Italia SpA   119,104   Sun Pharma Global (FZE)   1,012,705   Ranbaxy Laboratorios Ltd   Basics GmbH   207,983   Laboratorios Ranbaxy S.L.   112,834   Ranbaxy Pharmacie Generiques SAS   1,070,432   Ranbaxy Pharmacie Generiques SAS   1,070,432   Ranbaxy (U.K.) Ltd.   167,374   Terapia S.A.   129,644   Sun Pharma Laboratories Ltd. (formerly Sun Resins & Polymers Pvt Limited)   2,542   Sun Pharmaceutical Medicare Ltd.   163,899   Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Israel   242,074   163,899   Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Israel   242,074   163,899   Taro Pharmaceutical Company Zrt   Basics GmbH   6,503,431   6,5

#### 8. Taxes on Income

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deforred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits and taxable temporary differences arising upon the initial recognition of goodwill

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

## 9. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

### 10. Inventories

Inventories consisting of stock-in-trade are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of all categories of inventories is based on the weighted average method. Cost of raw stock-in-trade comprises cost of purchases. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

11. Accounting policies not specifically mentioned above will be as per generally accepted accounting principles in India.

As per our report of even date For SRBC & CO LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 324982/E300003 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.

per Paul Alvares Partner Membership No. 105754

Date:

Place: Pune, India

Prashant Savla Director

Date:

Place: Hoofddorp, The Netherlands