

Sun Pharmaceuticals Germany GMBH Indian Format Financial Statements FY 2016 – 2017 1 April 2016 – 31 March 2017

VALIA & TIMBADIA

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ARVIND P. VALIA
B.COM. (Hons.), F.C.A.
HITEN C. TIMBADIA
B.COM. L.L.B. (GEN), F.C.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SUN PHARMACEUTICALS GERMANY GMBH

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Financial Statements of **SUN PHARMACEUTICALS GERMANY GMBH** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017 and the Statement of Profit and Loss(including other Comprehensive income), the statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards and Accounting Principles generally accepted in India. The responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that are operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Management of the Company, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion these financial statements.

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117, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March, 2017, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

FOR VALIA AND TIMBADIA

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS (Firm Registration No. 112241W)

HITEN C.TIMBADIA

Partner Membership No. 038429.

PLACE: MUMBAI DATED: 10TH May, 2017

SUN PHARMACEUTICALS GERMANY GMBH **BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2017**

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	Notes	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	1	108.028	99.862	84.66
Other Intangible assets	2	-	-	-
Total non-current assets		108.028	99.862	84.66
Current assets				
Inventories	3	4.030.677	2.966.770	1.409.82
Financial assets				
Other investments		-	-	-
Trade receivables	4	2.549.713	3.044.009	762.3
Cash and cash equivalents	5	4.243.684	2.568.610	570.7
Loans	6	8.200	7.200	12.2
Other current assets	7	33.398	11.358	16.3
Total current assets		10.865.672	8.597.948	2.771.5
TOTAL ASSETS		10.973.700	8.697.810	2.856.1
Equity Equity share capital Other equity	8	25.000 (2.708.259)	25.000 (2.744.122)	25.0 (2.798.3
Total equity		(2.683.259)	(2.719.122)	(2.773.3
Non-current liabilities				
Financial liabilities Borrowings	9	3.000.000	3.615.973	2.382.7
Total non-current liabilities		3.000.000	3.615.973	2.382.7
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities			1	
Trade payables	10	1.668.789	4.231.372	2.359.8
Provisions	11	8.841.514	3.226.608	806.6
Other current liabilities	12	146.656	342.978	80.2
Other current liabilities	12	140.000	342.978	00.2
Total current liabilities		10.656.959	7.800.958	3.246.8
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		10.973.700	8.697.809	2.856.1

In terms of our report of even date attached

For Valia & Timbadia Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board

Hiten C Timbadia

Partner

Hellen de Kloet

Director

Date: 10th of may 2017

Place: Mumbai, India

Date: 8th of may 2017

SUN PHARMACEUTICALS GERMANY GMBH STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

`in Euro

	Notes	Year ended 31-mrt-17	Year ended 31-mrt-16
Revenue from operations	13	6.666.481	3.594.07
Total income		6.666.481	3.594.07
Expenses			
Purchases of stock-in-trade		5.413.354	3.258.00
Changes in inventories	14	(1.063.907)	(1.556.94
Employee benefits expense	15	682.191	810.90
Finance costs	16	72.286	58.27
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3&4	36.507	38.69
Other expenses	17	1.373.132	930.93
Total expenses		6.513.563	3.539.87
Profit before exceptionals item and tax		152.917	54.19
Profit before tax		152.917	54.19
Tax expenses			
Current tax	18	117.054	-
Profit for the year		35.863	54.19
Total comprehensive loss for the year		35.863	54.19
Earnings per equity share (face value per equity sha Basic (in `) Diluted (in `)	ares - ` 1)	35.863	54.19

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

In terms of our report of even date attached

For Valia & Timbadia Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board

Hiten C Timbadia

Partner

Hellen de Kloet

Director

Date: 10th of may 2017

Date: 8th of may 2017

Place: Mumbai, India

SUN PHARMACEUTICALS GERMANY GMBH STATEMENT OF CHANGES OF EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

	Share	Share		:		Rese	Reserve and surplus				Other comprehen	Other comprehensive income (OCI)	in Euro
	money pending allotment	account	capital	securities premium reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Share option outstanding account	Amalgamation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings (Surplus in profit and loss)	Equity instrument through OCI	Effective portion of cash flow hedge	
Balance as at April 1, 2015	i		ı	т	-	1	3	,		(0.798.320)			000 000 0
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax										54.198		1	(2.798.320) 54.198
Total comprehensive income for the year		jı.				2.		,		54.198			54 108
Payment of dividend Corporate dividend tax Scheme of amalgamation Transfer of capital redemption reserve Transfer of debenture redemption reserve Sissue of share capital Buy-back of equity shares Exercise of share option Transfer to General Reserve Share-based payments (amortisation)					· r	T							
Balance as at March 31, 2016	1	1	-	t.		a	ı	1	1	(2.744.122)	C	,	(2.744.122)
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax										35.863			35.863
Total comprehensive income for the year									1	35.863	,	,	25 862
Payment of dividend Corporate dividend tax Transfer to revaluation Transfer of capital redemption reserve Issue of share capital Buy-back of equity shares Exercise of share option Transfer to General Reserve Share-based payments (amortisation)													
Balance as at March 31, 2017	r	-	-	3	1	(,		1	(2 708 259)			010 001 07

In terms of our report of even date attached For Valia & Timbadia Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Hellen de Kloet Director

Date: 8th of may 2017

Date: 10th of may 2017 Place: Mumbai, India

Hiten C Timbadia Partner

SUN PHARMACEUTICALS GERMANY GMBH CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2017

PARTICULARS	FOR THE ENDED 31 Amount	1.03.2017	ENDED	HE YEAR 31.03.2016 at in EUR
A) Cash flow From Operating Activities				
Net Profit Before Tax	143.168		50.095	
Adjustments for				
Profit on sale of Investment Other Income (Interest and investment income)	11.417		5.422	
Interest Expenses	72.286		58.270	
Operating (Loss) / Profit before Working Capital change Changes in working capital Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:	226.871		113.787	
Decrease / (Increase) in Sundry Debtors Decrease / (Increase) in Loans and Advances Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:	(571.238)		(3.954.211)	
(Decrease) / Increase - Trade & Other payables Income Tax paid	2.716.049		4.607.455	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		2.371.682		767.031
B) Cash Flow from Investing Activities Decrease / (Increase) in Non-Current Investments				
Decrease / (Increase) in Current Investments Interest and investment income	(53.621)		(4.621)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Receivables Other Non-Operating Income	(27.012)		2.190	
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(80.633)		(2.431)
C) Cash Flow from Financing Activities Decrease / (Increase) in Loans and Advances Proceeds from issue of Equity Shares				
nterest Income Increase / (Decrease) in Long Term Borrowings nterest Expenses				
Increase / (Decrease) in Short Term Borrowings Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	(615.975)	(615.975)	1.233.271	1.233.271
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Cash equivalents		1.675.074		1.997.871
Cash & Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the year	2.568.610		570.739	
Cash & Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	4.243.684		2.568.610	

Note: Cash & Cash Equivalents Consist of the cash /cheque in hand & bank balance in current Account.

In terms of our report of even date attached For Valia & Timbadia
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Hiten C Timbadia

Partner

Date: 10th of may 2017

Place: Mumbai, India

Hellen de Kloet

Director

Date: 8th of may 2017

NOTE: 1
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

`in Furo

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Vehicles	Office equiptment	Furniture and fixtures	`in Eur
		equiptinent	lixtures	
At cost / deemed cost As at April 1, 2015	156.975	27.133	4.758	188.866
Additions	53.890			53.890
Disposals	(24.222)	(17.937)	(4.758)	(46.917
Transfers				-
As at March 31, 2016	186.643	9.196	-	195.839
Additions	52.000	790		52.790
Disposals	(82.190)			(82.190
Transfers				-
As at March 31, 2017	156.453	9.986	-	166.439
Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at April 1, 2015	77.849	21.593	4.758	104.200
Depreciation expense	36.758	1.935		38.693
Impairment loss				-
Disposals	(24.220)	(17.938)	(4.758)	(46.916
As at March 31, 2016	90.387	5.590	-	95.977
Depreciation expense	34.520	1.987		36.507
Impairment loss				-
Disposals	(74.074)			(74.074)
As at March 31, 2017	50.833	7.577	-	58.410
Carrying value As at April 1, 2015	79.126	5.540	-	84.666
As at March 31, 2016	96.256	3.606	_	99.862
As at March 31, 2017	105.620	2.409	_	108.028

NOTE: 2 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Softwares	Trademarks and Designs	Total
At cost / deemed cost As at April 1, 2015	1.158	135.000	136.158
Additions		,,,,,,,,	-
Disposals			-:
As at March 31, 2016	1.158	135.000	136.158
Additions			-
Disposals			-
As at March 31, 2017	1.158	135.000	136.158
Accumulated amortisation and impairment As at April 1, 2015	1.158	135.000	136.158
Amortisation expense			æ
Disposals			-
As at March 31, 2016	1.158	135.000	136.158
Amortisation expense			-
Disposals			-
As at March 31, 2017	1.158	135.000	136.158
Carrying value As at April 1, 2015		_	
As at March 31, 2016			
As at March 31, 2017	-	-	

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
Lower of cost and net realisable value Stock-in-trade Goods in transit	4.030.677	2.966.770	1.409.826
	4.030.677	2.966.770	1.409.82
	4.030.677	2.966.770	1.409.826

	As at	As at	in Eu
	31-mrt-17	31-mrt-16	1-apr-15
Current			
Unsecured considered good	2.427.219	2.870.181	675.32
Unsecured considered good - from related parties	122.493	173.828	86.97

NOTE: 5

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
Balances with banks In current accounts	4.243.684	2.568.610	570.73
	4.243.684	2.568.610	570.73

NOTE: 6

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	` in Eur As at 1-apr-15
Insecured considered good unless stated otherwise Amortised cost			
Loans to employees	8.200	7.200	12.27
	8.200	7.200	12.273

NOTE: 7

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
Insecured considered good unless stated otherwise			
Prepaid expenses Other assets	10.036	6.809	15.898
Other assets	23.362	4.550	479
	33.398	11.358	16.377

NOTE: 8		
EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL		
EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL		

	As a		As 31-m		As 1-ap	
Authorised	No. of shares	` in Euro	No. of shares	` in Euro	No. of shares	` in Eu
Equity shares of `1 each	1	25.000	1	25.000		
Cumulative preference shares of ` 100 each						
	1	25.000	1	25.000	0	=
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up						
Equity Shares of `1 each	1	25.000	1	25.000		
19	1	25.000	1	25.000	0	-
	As a		As			
	No. of shares		No. of shares			
Reconciliation of fully paid equity shares Opening balance Add : shares allotted during the year pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation	1	25.000	1	` in Euro 25.000		
Add : shares allotted to employees on exercise of employee stock option (excluding shares held by ESOP trust)						
Less : buy back of shares						
Closing balance	1	25.000	1	25.000		
Details of shareholders holding more than 5% in the Company						
	As a	-	As a		As a	
Equity shares	No. of shares		31-mr		1-apr	
Alkaloida Chemical Company ZRT	1	% of holding 100,00	No. of shares	% of holding 100,00	No. of shares	% of holdin

NOTE: 9

NON CURRENT BORROWINGS			` in Euro
	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
Unsecured At amortised cost	3.000.000	3.615.973	2.382.700
	3.000.000	3.615.973	2.382.700

NOTE: 10

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
Trade payables to micro, small and medium enterprises Trade payables to related parties	23.830 1.644.959	41 4.231.331	156.523 2.203.330
	1.668.789	4.231.372	2.359.853

NOTE: 11

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	As at 1-apr-15
Product returns Others Corporate Dividend Tax	48.000 8.676.460 117.054	3.087.556 139.052	774.761 31.918
	8.841.514	3.226.608	806.679

N	\sim	~		4	2

	As at 31-mrt-17	As at 31-mrt-16	` in Eur As at 1-apr-15
itatutory remittances	146.656	342.978	80.273,0
	146.656	342.978	80.273,0

NOTE: 13

	` in Eu		
	Year ended	Year ended	
	31-mrt-17	31-mrt-16	
Sale of products (including excise duty) Other operating revenues	6.580.804 85.676	3.588.649 5.422	
	6.666.481	3.594.071	

0,15%

NOTE: 14

CHANGES	IN	INVEN	TORIES

-		` in Euro
	Year ended	Year ended
	31-mrt-17	31-mrt-16
Inventories at the beginning of the year Inventories at the end of the year	2.966.770 (4.030.677)	1.409.826 (2.966.770)
	(1.063.907)	(1.556.944)

NOTE : 15 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

`in Euro

	Year ended 31-mrt-17	Year ended 31-mrt-16
Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds	594.436 87.755	693.667 117.242
	682.191	810.909

NOTE: 16

	Vessessia	` in Eur
	Year ended	Year ended
	31-mrt-17	31-mrt-16
Interest expense on borrowing and others	72.286	58.270
	72.286	58.270

NOTE : 17 OTHER EXPENSES

	Year ended	` in Euro Year ended
	31-mrt-17	31-mrt-16
		01-111111-10
Rent	3.191	16.800
Insurance	27.926	50.335
Selling and distribution	175.589	218.465
Repairs and maintenance	170.003	210.400
Others	889	959
Printing and stationery	3.847	5.746
Travelling and conveyance	86.901	94.278
Overseas travel and export promotion	284.012	124.919
Communication	4.486	9.588
Professional, legal and consultancy	54.167	
As auditors		28.273
Miscellaneous expenses	1.250	8.000
eeealaneeae oxponiooo	730.876	373.577
	1.373.132	930.939
Less : Receipts from Research Activities		
	1.373.132	930.939

0,47%
1,40%
6,08%
0,00%
0,03%
0,16%
2,62%
3,48%
0,27%
0,79%
0,22%
10,39%

NOTE: 18 TAX RECONCILIATION

AX RECONCILIATION	` in Euro		
	Year ended	Year ended	
	31-mrt-17	31-mrt-16	
Reconciliation of current tax expense			
Profit before tax	152.917	54.198	
Enacted income tax rate (%)	32%	-	
Tax expense	48.592	_	
Current tax related to prior periods	68.462		
	117.054	-	
Income tax expense recognised in profit and loss	117.054	-	

NOTE: 19

(A) ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

1. Basis of Accounting

The Company has prepared financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended March 31, 2016. Further, the Company has prepared the opening balance sheet as at April 1, 2015 (the transition date) in accordance with Ind AS.

Upto the year ended March 31, 2016, the company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of previous GAAP, which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended).

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods, services, etc. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

2. Financial Assets

i. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date.

ii. Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- · Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

iii. Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding

This category is the most relevant to the Group. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in Other Income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

iv. Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The group has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit or loss

v. Equity instruments

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit or loss

3. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

a. Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

b. Compound financial instruments

The component parts of compound financial instruments (convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

i. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

ii. Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Group as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or is designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term or on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. This category also includes derivative entered into by the group that are not designated and effective as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For non-held-for-trading financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case these effects of changes in credit risk are recognised in profit or loss. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item

4. Recognition of Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

a. Rendering Services

Revenue from services rendered is recognized in the profit or loss as the underlying services are performed. Upfront non-refundable payments received are deferred and recognized as revenue over the expected period over which the related services are expected to be performed.

b. Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

c. Profit from Investments

Profit from Non Current Investments are calculated on the basis of FIFO method. Profit from Current Investments are calculated on the basis of NAV.

Risk Management

The Company's activities are not exposed to any material financials risks including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

5.a Accounting Standard (AS-20) on Earnings Per Share

5.b

a	Accounting Standard (AS-20) on Earnings Per Share		
		Year ended 31st March, 2017	Year ended 31st March, 2016
	Profit for the year - used as Numerator for calculating Earnings Per Share Weighted Average number of Shares used in computing Basic Earnings Per Share Add: Dilution effect of Employee Stock Options	35.863	54.198 1
	Weighted Average number of Shares used in computing Diluted Earnings Per Share	1	1
	Nominal value per share (in Euro)	25.000	25.000
	Basic Earnings Per Share (in Euro) Diluted Earnings Per Share (in Euro)	35.863 35.863	54.198 54.198
)	Related Party Transactions	33,333	04.100
		Year ended	Year ended
	Sales of Goods	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
	Alkaloida Sweden	_	11.657
	Sun Pharmaceutical Spain SLU	_	4.500

	Year ended Year ended	
	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Sales of Goods		,
Alkaloida Sweden	_	11.657
Sun Pharmaceutical Spain SLU	_	4.500
Basics GmbH	38.385	4.300
Purchase of Goods	30.303	
Sun Pharma Global (FZE)	2.145.532	2.557.058
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd	802.292	1505 51
Basics GmbH	2.274.712	232.629
Interest Expense	2.2/4./12	441.893
Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.	70.000	50.00
Other Expenses	72.286	58.271
Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.	000 500	22.00
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.	269.568	26.160
Basics GmbH		219.113
Trade Receivables	392.189	40.948
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd		
Alkaloida Sweden AB	122.493	162.171
Loans Taken	-	11.657
Alkaloida Chemical Company Zrt.	3.000.000	3.615.974
Trade Payable		
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries (Europe) B.V.	43.836	117.008
Sun Pharma Global (FZE)	590.811	3.531.680
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd	-	99.803
Basics GmbH	1.010.313	482.841

6. Taxes on Income

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits and taxable temporary differences arising upon the initial recognition of goodwill

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

7. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

8 Inventories

Inventories consisting of stock-in-trade are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of all categories of inventories is based on the weighted average method. Cost of raw stock-in-trade comprises cost of purchases. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

9 Accounting policies not specifically mentioned above will be as per generally accepted accounting principles in India.

(B) First-time adoption of Ind-AS

These financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For the purposes of transition to Ind AS, the Company has followed the guidance prescribed in Ind AS 101 - First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standard , with April 1, 2015 as the transition date. The transition to Ind AS has resulted in changes in the presentation of the financial statements, disclosures in the notes thereto and accounting policies and principles. The accounting policies set out in Note A have been applied in preparing the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 and the comparative information.

In terms of our report of even date attached For Valia & Timbadia Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board

Hiten C Timbadia Partner

Date: 10th of may 2017 Place: Mumbai, India Hellen de Kloet Director

Date: 8th of may 2017