INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Realstone Infra Limited

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Realstone Infra Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the period from January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its loss, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the period from January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally

accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient
 and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the
 audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
 significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty
 exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements
 or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to
 cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act:
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion, provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are applicable to the Company for the period ended March 31, 2020. However, no managerial remuneration has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors during the period;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses:
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Paul Alvares

. Partner

Membership Number: 105754 UDIN: 20105754AAAACJ9077 Place of Signature: Pune

Date: May 25, 2020

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of our report of even date under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements"

Re: Realstone Infra Limited ("the Company")

- (i) The Company does not have any fixed assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i) (a), (b), and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventories during the period. Accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under clause 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, for the products of the Company.
- (vii) The provisions relating to provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, custom duty, cess and other statutory dues are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vii)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given by management, the Company has not taken any loan
 or borrowings from a financial institution or bank or government or debenture holders during the period.
 Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(viii) are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented
 upon.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given by management, the Company has not raised any money way of initial public offer / further public offer / debt instruments and term loans hence, reporting under clause (ix) is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and according to the information and explanations given by management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the period.
- (xi) In our opinion, provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are applicable to the Company for the period ended March 31, 2020. However, no managerial remuneration has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors during the period.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been

disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the period and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of Companies Act, 2013.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Paul Alvares

Partner

Membership Number: 105754 UDIN: 20105754AAAACJ9077 Place of Signature: Pune Date: May 25, 2020

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the financial statements of Realstone Infra Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Realstone Infra Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely

detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For SRBC & COLLP

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E/E300003

per Paul Alvares

Partner Membership Number: 105754 UDIN: 20105754AAAACJ9077 Place of Signature: Pune Date: May 25, 2020

REALSTONE INFRA LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (₹)

Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS		
(1) Current assets		
(a) Financial assets		
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	3	2,500,000
Total current assets		2,500,000
TOTAL ASSETS		2,500,000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
(1) Equity		
(a) Equity share capital	4	2,500,000
(b) Other equity	5	(308,630)
Total equity		2,191,370
(2) Current liabilities		
(a) Financial liabilities		
(i) Trade payables		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	6	-
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small		
enterprises	6	29,500
(ii) Other financial liabilities	7	279,130
Total current liabilities		308,630
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,500,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Realstone Infra Limited

per PAUL ALVARES

Partner

Membership No. : 105754 Pune, May 25, 2020 SANJAY JERRY

Director

DIN: 06834466

RAKESHCHANDRA JAGDISHPRASAD SINHA

Director

DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 25, 2020

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (₹)

		Amount in (₹)
Particulars	Notes	For the period from January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020
(I) Revenue from operations (II) Other income		- :
(III) Total income (I + II)		-
(IV) Expenses		
Other expenses	8	308,630
Total expenses (IV)		308,630
(V) Loss before tax (III- IV)		(308,630)
(VI) Tax expense		
Current tax Deferred tax		-
Total tax expense (VI)		-
(VII) Loss for the period (V - VI)		(308,630)
(VIII) Other comprehensive income		-
Total other comprehensive income (VIII)		-
(IX) Total comprehensive loss for the period (VII+VIII)		(308,630)
Earnings per equity share (face value per equity share - ₹ 10) Basic and diluted (in ₹) The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	9	(1.23)
As per our report of even date		
For S R B C & CO LLP	For and on behalf of	f the Board of Directors of
Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. : 324982E/E300003	Realstone Infra Lim	ited
per PAUL ALVARES Partner Membership No.: 105754 Pune, May 25, 2020	SANJAY JERRY Director DIN: 06834466	
Partner Membership No. : 105754	Director DIN: 06834466	JAGDISHPRASAD SINHA

REALSTONE INFRA LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

Amount in (₹) **Particulars** Other equity **Equity share** Total Retained earnings capital Loss for the period (308,630)(308,630) Other comprehensive income for the period (308,630) (308,630) Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the period 2,500,000 Issue of equity shares 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,191,370 Balance as at March 31, 2020 (308,630)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Realstone Infra Limited

per PAUL ALVARES

Membership No.: 105754 Pune, May 25, 2020

SANJAY JERRY

Director

DIN: 06834466

RAKESHCHANDRA JAGDISHPRASAD SINHA

Director DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 25, 2020

Amount in (₹)

Particulars		For the period from January 31 2020 to March 31, 2020
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Loss before tax		(308,630
Operating loss before working capital changes		(308,630
Movements in working capital:		
Increase in trade payables		29,500
Increase in other financial liabilities		279,130
Cash generated/ (used) in operations		-
Net cash from / (used) in operating activities (A)		-
B. Cash flow from investing activities (B)		-
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares		2,500,000
Net cash from financing activities (C)		2,500,000
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		2,500,000
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		2,500,000
Notes: 1 Cash and cash equivalents comprises of		Amount in (₹
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020
Balances with banks		
In current accounts Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 3)		2,500,000 2,500,00 0
		2,300,000
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements		
As per our report of even date		
For S R B C & CO LLP	For and on behalf of	the Board of Directors of
Chartered Accountants	Realstone Infra Limi	ted
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003		
per PAUL ALVARES	SANJAY JERRY	
Partner	SANJAY JERRY Director	
Partner Membership No.: 105754		
Partner	Director	
Partner Membership No.: 105754	Director DIN: 06834466	JAGDISHPRASAD SINHA
Partner Membership No.: 105754	Director DIN: 06834466	JAGDISHPRASAD SINHA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE: 1

General Information

Realstone Infra Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company incorporated on January 31, 2020 and is domiciled in India. The Registered office of the Company is located at Sun House, Plot No 201 B/1, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai 400063. The Company is a 100% subsidiary of Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited. The Company is in the business of construction, owning and holding of real estate.

The Financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2020.

NOTE: 2

Significant accounting policies:

2.1 - Statement of compliance

The Company has prepared financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended).

2.2 - Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for: (i) certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period;

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

2.3 - Current vs. Non-current

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifes all other liabilities as non-current.

REALSTONE INFRA LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

2.4 - Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.5 - Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.6 - Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity holders of parent company (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the parent company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.7 - Taxes

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in OCI or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in OCI or directly in equity respectively. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Withholding tax arising out of payment of dividends to shareholders under the Indian Income tax regulations is not considered as tax expense for the Company and all such taxes are recognised in the statement of changes in equity as part of the associated dividend payment.

Minimum Alternate Tax ('MAT') credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set-off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

2.8- Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Contingent liability is disclosed for (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE: 3

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Amount in (₹)
	As at March 31, 2020
Balances with banks	0.500.000
In current accounts	2,500,000 2,500,000

NOTE: 4

	As at March 31, 2020	
	Number of shares	Amount in (₹)
Authorised		
Class A Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	250,000	2,500,0
Class B Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	250,000	2,500,0
Preference shares of ₹10 each	500,000	5,000,0
	1,000,000	10,000,0
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up		
Class A Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	250,000	2,500,0
	250,000	2,500,0
	200,000	2,000,0
Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of	Period	ended
reporting period		31, 2020
	Number of shares	Amount in (₹)
Equity shares issued during the period	250,000	2,500,0
Closing balance	250,000	2,500,0
Equity shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent equity shares in the Company are as follows:	March 3	s at 31, 2020
	1	

- (i) Rights, Preference and Restrictions attached to equity shares: The Company has Class A equity shares having face value of ₹ 10 each and Class B equity shares having face value of ₹ 10 each. Each holder of Class A equity share is entitled to one vote per share and entitlement to dividend. Each holder of Class B equity share, if and when issued, shall be entitled to 1/10th vote per share and entitlement to dividend.
- (ii) The Company has not issued any bonus shares, or shares for consideration other than cash or bought back any number of shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date as Company is incorporated on January 31, 2020.

NOTE:5

OTHER EQUITY	Amount in (₹)
	As at
	March 31, 2020
Retained earnings	(308,630)
	(308,630)

NOTE: 6

TRADE PAYABLES	Amount in (₹)
	As at March 31, 2020
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 12) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	29,500
Total outstanding dues of cleditors other than fillero enterprises and small enterprises	29,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

NOTE : 7 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CURRENT)	Amount in (₹)
	As at March 31, 2020
Other payable to related party	279,130 279,130

NOTE:8

OTHER EXPENSES	Amount in (₹)
	Period ended March 31, 2020
Rates and taxes Professional, legal and consultancy Payments to auditor - as audit fee	2,500 291,130 15,000 308,630

NOTE: 9

EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

	Period ended March 31, 2020
Loss for the period (₹) No. of equity shares (of ₹ 10/- each) Earnings per share - Basic & Diluted (in ₹)	(308,630) 250,000 (1.23)

CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Amount in (Ŧ)

		Amount in (₹) As at March 31, 2020		
		Fair value hrough profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents		-	-	2,500,000
Financial liabilities Trade payables Other financial liabilities				2,500,000 29,500 279,130 308,630
	_		-	300,030

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk to the Company's reputation. The Company's financial liabilities as mentioned in note 6 and 7 are payable in the next

MARKET RISK

The Company does not have any market risk such as foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM JANUARY 31, 2020 TO MARCH 31, 2020

DISCLOSURES UNDER THE MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006

The information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The company has not received any memorandum (as required to be filed by the suppliers with notified authority under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006) from vendor claming the status as micro or small enterprise, hence no disclosures have been made.

NOTE: 13

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (IND AS 24)

(i) Names of related parties and description of relationships

a Holding Company Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited

b Key Management Personnel

Name	Designation
Mrs. Sapna Purohit	Director
Mr. Sanjay Jerry	Director
Mr. Rakeshchandra Jagdishprasad Sinha	Director

(ii) Detail of related party transaction for the period from January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020 -

i) Detail of related party transaction for the period from January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020 :-			Amount in (₹)
Type of Transaction			For the period from January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020
Issue of equity shares Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited -	Holding Company		2,500,000
Reimbursement of expenses paid Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited -	Holding Company		279,130

(iii) Balance Outstanding as at the end of the period

Amount in (₹)

	As at March 31, 2020
Payables Sun Pharma Laboratories Limited - Holding Company	279,130

NOTE: 14

The Company was incorporated on January 31, 2020. The financial statements have been prepared for the period January 31, 2020 to March 31, 2020, hence, comparative figures are not presented.

As per our report of even date

For S R B C & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 324982E/E300003

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Realstone Infra Limited

per PAUL ALVARES

Partner

Membership No.: 105754 Pune, May 25, 2020

SANJAY JERRY Director DIN: 06834466

RAKESHCHANDRA JAGDISHPRASAD SINHA

Director DIN: 07340998

Mumbai, May 25, 2020